

THE HONORABLE DAVID G. ESTUDILLO

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON

STACY RITCH and GELLERT DORNAY,
individually and on behalf of all others similarly
situated,

Plaintiffs,

v.

AMERICAN HONDA MOTOR CO., INC., a
Delaware Corporation,
Defendant.

No. 3:21-cv-05706-DGE

FIRST AMENDED CLASS ACTION
COMPLAINT

Plaintiffs Stacy Ritch (“Ritch”) and Gellert Dornay (“Dornay,” and collectively “Plaintiffs”), individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, allege the following based upon personal knowledge as to Plaintiffs and Plaintiffs’ own acts, and upon information and belief as to all other allegations, based on investigation of counsel. This investigation included, *inter alia*, a review of public documents prepared by Defendant, media reports, and other information concerning Defendant, as well as information from and concerning Berla Corporation. The investigation of the facts pertaining to this case is continuing. Plaintiffs believe that substantial evidentiary support will exist for the allegations set forth herein after a reasonable opportunity for discovery.

I. INTRODUCTION

1. This class action suit seeks statutory damages for violations of the Washington Privacy Act, Chapter 9.73 RCW (hereafter the “WPA” or the “Act”), which forbids any entity from

1 intercepting or recording any private communication in the State of Washington without
2 first obtaining the consent of all the participants in the communication.¹

3 2. Because Defendant has violated the WPA, it is liable for liquidated damages computed at
4 the rate of one hundred dollars per day for each day of violation, not to exceed one thousand
5 dollars per Plaintiff and absent class member, and a reasonable attorneys' fee and other
6 costs of litigation.

7 3. Plaintiffs are also entitled to declaratory and injunctive relief that Defendant has violated
8 the WPA, and enjoining further violations.

9 II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

10 4. The Thurston County Superior Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this
11 lawsuit and over the parties to the lawsuit.

12 5. Venue is proper in the Thurston County Superior Court pursuant to RCW 4.12.025
13 because Defendant resides in Thurston County.

14 III. PARTIES

15 6. Plaintiff Ritch is now, and at all times relevant to this Complaint has been, a Washington
16 resident.

17 7. Plaintiff Dornay is now, and at all times relevant to this Complaint has been, a Washington
18 resident.

19 8. Defendant American Honda Motor Co., Inc. is a subsidiary of Honda Motor Co., Ltd.,
20 which manufactures Honda and Acura automobiles outside the United States, for
21 importation into and sale in the United States.

22 9. American Honda Motor Co., Inc. manufactures and assembles Honda and Acura vehicles
23 in the United States.

25 ¹ As described below, Plaintiffs seek to represent a class consisting of: *“All persons, who in the three years*
26 *prior to the date of filing this Complaint, had their text messages and/or call logs intercepted and/or recorded by*
27 *the infotainment system in a Honda vehicle (Honda or Acura) while a resident of the State of Washington.”*

1 10. American Honda Motor Company (hereafter, “Honda”) also conducts the sale,
2 marketing, and operational activities for all Honda and Acura vehicles in the United States.
3 Together herein, Honda and Acura vehicles are referred to as “Honda vehicles” or
4 “vehicles manufactured by Honda.”

5 **IV. FACTS**

6 **A. Honda vehicle infotainment systems.**

7 11. Modern vehicles, including vehicles manufactured by Honda, contain “infotainment
8 systems.”

9 12. Infotainment systems in Honda vehicles include methods for the system to connect to a
10 smartphone, both by USB and by Bluetooth.

11 13. Once a smartphone is connected to the infotainment system in a Honda vehicle, the system
12 offers additional apps and functionality native to the smartphone but controlled and
13 accessed through the infotainment system controls rather than through the smartphone.

14 14. These can include, for example, the ability to play music stored on or streamed through the
15 smartphone through the vehicle’s speakers, and to use the smartphone’s satellite
16 navigation software through the infotainment system screen and vehicle speakers for turn-
17 by-turn directions.

18 15. Infotainment systems in Honda vehicles also include the ability to make and receive
19 telephone calls on a connected smartphone, using the vehicle microphone and speakers and
20 thereby operating hands-free.

21 16. At all relevant times, infotainment systems in Honda vehicles also interface with the
22 smartphone’s text messaging system.

23 17. Infotainment systems in Honda vehicles are designed to work specifically with at least the
24 two major smartphone operating systems: CarPlay for Apple smartphones (iPhones) and
25 Android Auto for Android smartphones.

26 18. Infotainment systems in Honda vehicles from at least 2014 onward automatically and
27 without authorization, record, download, store, and are capable of transmitting, a copy of

1 all text messages already stored on smartphones when those phones connect to the
2 infotainment system.

3 19. Infotainment systems in Honda vehicles from at least 2014 onward automatically and
4 without authorization, instantaneously intercept, record, download, store, and are capable
5 of transmitting, a copy of all text messages sent from or received by a smartphone while the
6 smartphone is connected to the infotainment system.

7 20. Honda vehicles store each intercepted, recorded, and downloaded copy of text messages in
8 non-temporary computer memory in such a manner that the vehicle owner cannot access
9 it or delete it.

10 21. Even if the text message is deleted from the smartphone, the Honda vehicle retains a copy
11 in on-board memory, even after the smartphone is disconnected.

12 22. Infotainment systems in Honda vehicles from at least 2014 onward automatically and
13 without authorization, record, download, store, and are capable of transmitting, a copy of
14 all records of incoming and outgoing calls and call durations (“call logs”) already stored on
15 smartphones when those phones connect to the infotainment system.

16 23. Infotainment systems in Honda vehicles from at least 2014 onward automatically and
17 without authorization, instantaneously intercept, record, download, and store a copy of all
18 call logs from or received by a smartphone while it is connected to the infotainment system.

19 24. Honda vehicles store each intercepted, recorded, and downloaded copy of call logs in non-
20 temporary computer memory in such a manner that the vehicle owner cannot access it or
21 delete it.

22 25. Even if the call logs are deleted from the smartphone, the Honda vehicle retains a copy in
23 on-board memory, even after the smartphone is disconnected.

24 26. Third party Berla Corporation (“Berla”), based in Annapolis, Maryland, manufactures
25 equipment (hardware and software) capable of extracting stored text messages from
26 infotainment systems in Honda vehicles.

27

1 27. Berla also manufactures equipment capable of extracting stored call logs from infotainment
2 systems in Honda vehicles.

3 28. Honda infotainment systems thereby transmit stored text messages and call logs to Berla.

4 29. The functions described in paragraphs 18-28 above, are not necessary to enable Honda
5 infotainment systems to perform the functions of making and receiving calls or text
6 messages, but are superfluous features used only to surveil by unauthorized third parties.

7 30. The functions described in paragraphs 18-28 above, are not necessary to enable Honda
8 infotainment systems to comply with law or regulation, but are superfluous features used
9 only to surveil by unauthorized third parties.

10 31. The Berla system is not generally available to the public.

11 32. Even when smartphone users restrict access to their data on the phone by a password,
12 fingerprint, face image, or other security method, the text message and call log data copied
13 onto the vehicle can be, and is, transmitted to users of Berla's equipment without requiring
14 any kind of password, biometric, or other security measure.

15 33. Berla states that "Our vehicle forensics tools are available to law enforcement, military,
16 civil and regulatory agencies, and select private industry organizations."²

17 34. According to Berla, while a vehicle owner cannot retrieve text messages stored on Honda
18 vehicles, Berla and Honda have ensured that unauthorized law enforcement can.

19 35. According to Berla, while a vehicle owner cannot retrieve the call logs stored on the Honda
20 vehicle, Berla and Honda have ensured that unauthorized law enforcement can.

21 36. According to a 2017 report in CyberScoop, Ben LeMere, the CEO and founder of Berla,
22 bragged in 2014 that "We've been working directly with the [original equipment
23 manufacturers] themselves to educate them. Hey, 'this is privacy data,' 'this is what you
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27 ² See <https://berla.co/> (last accessed May 24, 2021).

1 need to secure.’ *But we only do that when it’s part of an agreement that they will allow law*
2 *enforcement in.*”³ (Emphasis added.)

3 37. In other words, copies of text messages and call logs stored on Honda vehicles can be, and
4 are, retrieved by unauthorized users of Berla’s equipment without any password,
5 fingerprint, face image, or other security measures, thus bypassing any security measures
6 Plaintiffs and class members employ to secure data on their phones.

7 38. According to Berla, beginning no later than 2014, vehicle manufacturers including
8 manufacturers of Honda vehicles, worked with Berla to ensure that vehicle infotainment
9 systems would copy and store text messages and call logs without authorization, in such a
10 manner that vehicle owners could not delete them, to ensure such data remains available
11 for unauthorized retrieval by law enforcement.

12 39. As early as February 9, 2015, Berla described that “hybrid” navigation devices, those that
13 connected to smartphones, “will generally have call logs (incoming/outgoing and missed),
14 an address book (which is normally imported from the mobile phone), the MAC address of
15 the last ten mobile phones connected to it, and sent and received SMS messages.”⁴

16 40. On March 4, 2015, Berla invited prospective attendees to a “Vehicle Forensics
17 Presentation in Australia,” “focused on the vast amount of user data that can be acquired
18 from vehicles. Data such as recent destinations, favorite locations, *call logs*, contact lists,
19 *SMS messages*, emails, pictures, videos, social media feeds, and the navigation history of
20 everywhere the vehicle has been.” (Emphasis added.)⁵

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24 ³ See <https://www.cyberscoop.com/berla-car-hacking-dhs/> (last accessed November 4, 2021). That article
25 refers to, and quotes, a 19:52 minute presentation found at
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=E0DQEVgJY5k>.

26 ⁴ See <https://berla.co/enhancing-investigations-with-gps-evidence/> (last accessed November 4, 2021).

27 ⁵ See <https://berla.co/invitation-vehicle-forensics-presentation-in-australia/> (last accessed November 4,
2021).

1 41. Also beginning no later than April 20, 2015, Berla made publicly available on its website a
2 vehicle lookup feature, which “can be used to find detailed information on North America
3 vehicles between 1981 and the current model year.”⁶

4 42. Berla’s vehicle lookup tool allows a user to input a VIN and receive back a report of exactly
5 what information that vehicle stores which can be retrieved by the Berla system.

6 43. Berla’s vehicle lookup system is no longer publicly available. Berla’s website states that
7 instead, “Access is now limited to iVe Mobile and the iVe Software. However, iVe Mobile
8 is available at no cost, to law enforcement, military, civil and regulatory agencies, and select
9 private industry organizations.”⁷

10 44. Berla’s July 22, 2015 release also “Added [a] feature to decode non-US Vehicle
11 Identification Numbers (VINs)”, and reminded users that “you can always use the vehicle
12 lookup tool on our website to see if a vehicle is supported.”⁸

13 45. On June 6, 2019, Berla announced the release of their software v2.4. It stated “This release
14 adds support for many Honda and Acura vehicles made between 2013 and 2017 that feature
15 hard drive navigation systems. Honda has long been one of the most requested OEMs for
16 which to add support, and with iVe 2.4 we are glad to be able to comply with those customer
17 requests.”⁹

18 46. By no later than 2013, Honda vehicles stored unauthorized call logs and SMS messages of
19 phones which had been connected to it, as alleged above, capable of being retrieved by
20 unauthorized third parties using Berla equipment.

21 47. Beginning at least as early as 2015, Berla confirmed that ordinary users of vehicle
22 infotainment systems were largely unaware of the extent to which private data was
23 intercepted, copied, recorded, downloaded, and stored by vehicle infotainment systems.

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25 ⁶ See <https://berla.co/ive-v1-6-released/> (last accessed November 4, 2021).

26 ⁷ See https://berla.co/vehicle_lookup/ (last accessed November 4, 2021).

27 ⁸ *Id.*

⁹ See <https://berla.co/ive-software-v2-4-release/> (last accessed November 4, 2021).

1 48. In a September 17, 2015 blog post, Berla embedded an article co-authored by its founder,
 2 Ben LeMere, emphasizing that “it is incredibly likely that investigators are missing out on
 3 digital evidence that could make or break their cases.”¹⁰ The article specifically listed call
 4 logs and SMS data as among the data stored on infotainment systems such as those
 5 installed on Plaintiffs and class member vehicles by Honda.

6 49. In a December 13, 2015 blog post, Berla embedded and commented favorably on an article
 7 published in the “Minnesota Police Journal,” “The Official Publication of The Minnesota
 8 Police and Peace Officers Association,” stating “Berla has always made it a priority to
 9 support Law Enforcement officers, and it is a great validation when one sees the value of
 10 our work and takes the initiative to share it within one’s own professional community. In
 11 this case, it is the Minnesota Police & Peace Officers Association (MMPOA).”¹¹

12 50. The author, a retired St. Paul, MN police sergeant, described how a colleague synced his
 13 smartphone to a rental car the two were in.¹² The author wrote: “By syncing his phone to
 14 this vehicle, all of his phone book names and numbers, call lists, call history, cell phone
 15 model and type, cell name, SMS text messages, social media, emails, and dozens of other
 16 bits of information had now been copied to the memory of the vehicles infotainment
 17 system. Depending on the configuration of the phone and Infotainment system, this could
 18 also include recent destinations, and navigation history. ‘It does that? No (expletive)?’ was
 19 his reply.”¹³

20 51. On December 29, 2015, Berla posted “12 Days of Vehicle Forensics,” a collection of 12
 21 facts about vehicle forensics¹⁴

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 24 ¹⁰ See <https://berla.co/berla-in-uslaw-magazine/> (last accessed November 4, 2021).

25 ¹¹ See <https://berla.co/berla-in-minnesota-police-siu-publication/> (last accessed November 4, 2021).

26 ¹² See https://berla.co/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/MPPOA_Oct_2015.pdf (last accessed November 4,
 2021).

27 ¹³ *Id.*

¹⁴ See <https://berla.co/12-days-of-vehicle-forensics/> (last accessed November 4, 2021).

1 52. These facts included that “Connecting a smartphone to a car via USB just to charge will
2 still result in some phone data being stored on the infotainment system.”¹⁵

3 53. These facts included that “OEMs decide what OS and hardware to use, and implement
4 that setup into all brands. As such, vehicle forensic support is global — the same tool is
5 used regardless of country.”¹⁶

6 54. These facts included that “If a driver uses the infotainment interface to ‘delete’ their
7 device, that device information often remains in unallocated space and can be recovered.”¹⁷

8 55. These facts included that “Having access to a suspect’s connected vehicle is the next best
9 thing behind having the actual phone itself.”¹⁸

10 56. These facts included that “Data can remain on a vehicle’s system for weeks, months or
11 even years.”¹⁹

12 57. On October 1, 2019, Berla released v2.5 of its software. It stated that the release included
13 “Improved parsing of deleted data for Honda systems”.²⁰

14 58. Since at least December 2015 and continuing to today, Honda vehicle infotainment systems
15 intercept, record, download and store an unnecessary, unauthorized copy of phone data,
16 including text messages and call logs, from phones connected, even merely to charge.
17 Honda vehicles continue to store deleted data in a manner such that it can be retrieved by
18 Berla equipment, and such data remains on Honda vehicle systems for weeks, months, or
19 even years solely for the purpose of unauthorized surveillance by third parties.

20 59. In a blog post dated January 19, 2016, Berla noted that it had added a feature to its publicly-
21 available VIN-based vehicle lookup tool: “As a reminder, you can always use the vehicle
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23 ¹⁵ *Id.*

24 ¹⁶ *Id.*

25 ¹⁷ *Id.*

26 ¹⁸ *Id.*

27 ¹⁹ *Id.*

²⁰ See <https://berla.co/ive-software-v2-5-release-2/> (last accessed November 4, 2021).

1 lookup tool on our website to see if a vehicle is supported as we are constantly adding to it.
2 In fact, we just added a feature that displays *what data can be extracted from each*
3 *vehicle.*²¹ (Emphasis added.)

4 60. Since at least January 2016 and continuing to today, Berla’s lookup tool reports, by VIN,
5 what data can be extracted from each Honda vehicle.

6 61. On February 22, 2016, Berla touted its receipt of a Department of Homeland Security
7 “Significant Government Impact Award.” It noted that “Frequently motor vehicles are
8 used in the commission of crimes and may include valuable digital evidence. This evidence
9 can often be instrumental to law enforcement in a criminal investigation, just like a
10 computer or cell phone. Data of interest is normally stored inside a vehicle’s infotainment
11 and telematics system. Vehicle infotainment and telematics systems store a vast amount of
12 data such as recent destinations, favorite locations, *call logs*, contact lists, *SMS messages*,
13 emails, pictures, videos, social media feeds, and the navigation history of everywhere the
14 vehicle has been.”²² (Emphasis added.)

15 62. Since at least February 2016, and continuing to today, Honda vehicle infotainment systems
16 automatically intercept, record, download, store, and are capable of unauthorized
17 transmittal of call logs and text messages to Berla and law enforcement.

18 63. On September 28, 2016, Berla invited attendees to vehicle forensics presentations to learn
19 “how to acquire and analyze the data” stored on vehicles, including “call logs [and] SMS
20 messages . . .”²³

21 64. Owners of Berla equipment can, and do, retrieve without authorization, the call logs and
22 text messages of smartphones which have been connected to Honda vehicles.
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25 ²¹ See <https://berla.co/ive-v1-8-released-and-ive-mobile/> (last accessed November 4, 2021).

26 ²² See <https://berla.co/berla-corporation-and-project-ive-receive-significant-government-impact-award/>
(last accessed November 4, 2021).

27 ²³ See <https://berla.co/join-us-on-the-fall-forensic-world-tour/> (last accessed November 4, 2021).

1 65. On November 9, 2016, Berla announced a partnership with Stockholm-based MSAB (a
2 company which later contracted with the United States Customs and Border Patrol to make
3 Berla equipment available to retrieve data from any vehicle encountering a Border Patrol
4 agent). Berla reiterated that its iVe system “provides forensic examiners and investigators
5 a means to quickly and intuitively acquire and analyze data from vehicle systems. Vehicle
6 systems store a vast amount of data such as recent destinations, favorite locations, call logs,
7 contact lists, SMS messages, emails, pictures, videos, social media feeds, and the
8 navigation history of everywhere the vehicle has been.”²⁴

9 66. Since at least 2016 and continuing today, through use of Berla’s iVe system, unauthorized
10 third parties can and do acquire call logs and text messages from Honda vehicles.

11 67. In a blog post dated January 16, 2017, Berla revealed a new visual format for presenting data
12 extracted from vehicles, explicitly including call logs.²⁵

13 68. Since at least 2017 and continuing to today, Honda vehicle infotainment systems retain
14 unauthorized copies of call logs from connected smartphones which can be, and are,
15 retrieved by unauthorized third parties using Berla equipment.

16 69. In that same post, Berla confirmed that it “Added ‘Flags’ column for SMS messages to
17 show deleted”, confirming that its system retrieves text messages users deleted on their
18 phones but which the infotainment system retains without authorization.

19 70. Since at least 2017 and continuing to today, Honda vehicle infotainment systems retain
20 unauthorized copies of text messages which users deleted from their smartphones, which
21 can be, and are, retrieved by unauthorized third parties using Berla equipment.

22 71. In a May 22, 2017 blog post, Berla stated that “Whenever a mobile device is connected to
23 a vehicle system via USB, Bluetooth, or Wi-Fi, some data from that device is stored in the
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26 ²⁴ See <https://berla.co/berla-and-msab-announce-strategic-partnership/> (last accessed November 4,
2021).

27 ²⁵ See <https://berla.co/ive-v1-10-released/> (last accessed November 4, 2021).

1 vehicle. Potentially, device contacts, call logs, and SMS messages are stored and can thus
2 be acquired in iVe . . .”²⁶

3 72. Since at least 2017 and continuing today, Honda vehicles store an unauthorized copy of
4 call logs and text messages from mobile devices connected to Honda vehicle systems via
5 USB, Bluetooth, or Wi-Fi, which can be, and are, retrieved by unauthorized third parties
6 using Berla equipment and systems.

7 73. On September 11, 2017, reporter Patrick O’Neill wrote that, in the San Bernadino terrorism
8 investigation, while Apple refused to build a “backdoor” for access to a suspect’s iPhone,
9 Berla touted that its equipment evaded any security protections from the suspect’s iPhone,
10 with LeMere specifically stating that “We’ve assisted in pretty much every major terrorism
11 investigation in the last year, from the Paris bombing to the Chattanooga, Tennessee,
12 shooting to San Bernardino”.²⁷ The image embedded in that article, a screen shot of the
13 iVe system, specifically shows that the iVe system can retrieve call logs and SMS
14 messages.²⁸

15 74. On April 4, 2018, Berla posted a description of the “Value of Vehicle System Data in
16 Accident Reconstruction.”²⁹ In that post, it reiterated that, in addition to federally defined
17 “event data,” vehicles also record information from “synced devices, phone calls, and text
18 messages”. It continued, “That data may be recorded in the vehicle’s infotainment and
19 telematics system, along with whether or not a particular person’s cell phone was used in
20 the car, *what calls were made, and/or what text messages were sent*. In some instances, the
21 actual audio recording of an occupant using the voice recognition system may be stored.
22 The above types of data cannot simply be obtained through a basic OBD-II port hookup
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24 ²⁶ See <https://berla.co/exporting-xry/> (last accessed November 4, 2021).

25 ²⁷ See <https://www.cyberscoop.com/berla-car-hacking-dhs/> (last accessed November 4, 2021).

26 ²⁸ *Id.*

27 ²⁹ See <https://berla.co/vehicle-system-data-and-accident-reconstruction/> (last accessed November 4, 2021).

1 and the press of a button, but iVe is a tool that facilitates the acquisition of data from many
2 infotainment and telematics systems.”

3 75. Since at least at least April 4, 2018 and continuing to today, Honda infotainment systems
4 intercept and record call logs and text messages from phones connected to those
5 infotainment systems, and store those logs and messages for retrieval by unauthorized third
6 parties using Berla iVe systems.

7 76.

8 77. On August 28, 2020, Berla announced a new release of its iVe software.³⁰ That post showed
9 an exemplary set of vehicle data, by VIN, including call logs intercepted, recorded, copied
10 and stored from an iPhone 12.

11 78. For at least the three years prior to the filing of the initial complaint in this matter, Honda
12 vehicles have intercepted, recorded, and stored information protected by the Washington
13 Privacy Act, including text messages and call logs, without the consent of users, while
14 bypassing any password or biometric security that users include on smartphones.

15 79. For at least the three years prior to the filing of the initial complaint in this matter, Honda
16 vehicles have stored text messages and call logs intercepted, recorded, and copied from
17 connected smartphones even where such text messages and call logs have been deleted
18 from the smartphone by the user.

19 80. Such data has been stored on Honda vehicles in a manner that it can be retrieved by
20 unauthorized third parties using Berla systems.

21 81. In a December 28, 2020 story published by NBC News, NBC quoted LeMere from a
22 podcast as follows: “‘People rent cars and go do things with them and don’t even think
23 about the places they are going and what the car records,’ LeMere said in a June interview
24 for a podcast made by Cellebrite, a company that makes tools to help law enforcement
25 agencies extract data from locked mobile phones. ‘Most of them aren’t doing anything
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27 ³⁰ See <https://berla.co/ive-feature-spotlight-3-0-accessible-collections/> (last accessed November 4, 2021).

1 wrong, but it's pretty funny to see the hookers and blow request text messages and
2 answers.'"³¹

3 82. A May 3, 2021 article by The Intercept quoted LeMere as follows: "In a 2015 appearance
4 on the podcast 'The Forensic Lunch,' LeMere told the show's hosts how the company
5 uses exactly this accidental-transfer scenario in its trainings: 'Your phone died, you're
6 gonna get in the car, plug it in, and there's going to be this nice convenient USB port for
7 you. When you plug it into this USB port, it's going to charge your phone, absolutely. And
8 as soon as it powers up, it's going to start sucking all your data down into the car.'"³²

9 83. The Intercept article continues: "In the same podcast, LeMere also recounted the
10 company pulling data from a car rented at BWI Marshall Airport outside Washington,
11 D.C.: 'We had a Ford Explorer . . . we pulled the system out, and we recovered 70 phones
12 that had been connected to it. All of their call logs, their contacts and their SMS history, as
13 well as their music preferences, songs that were on their device, and some of their Facebook
14 and Twitter things as well. . . . And it's quite comical when you sit back and read some of
15 the the [sic] text messages.'"³³

16 84. The onboard stored copy of text messages can be accessed by someone using hardware and
17 software designed and sold by Berla.

18 85. Berla specifically restricts access to its systems, making them available primarily to law
19 enforcement and private investigation service providers.

20 86. No Plaintiff is able to acquire a Berla system in order to be able to access the text messages
21 stored on his own or any other Honda vehicle.

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24 ³¹ See [https://www.nbcnews.com/tech/tech-news/snitches-wheels-police-turn-car-data-destroy-suspects-](https://www.nbcnews.com/tech/tech-news/snitches-wheels-police-turn-car-data-destroy-suspects-alibis-n1251939)
25 [alibis-n1251939](https://www.nbcnews.com/tech/tech-news/snitches-wheels-police-turn-car-data-destroy-suspects-alibis-n1251939) (last accessed November 4, 2021). That article purports to hyperlink to a podcast at
26 [https://www.cellebrite.com/en/series/vehicle-data-extractions-ben-lemere-ceo-at-berla-vehicle-](https://www.cellebrite.com/en/series/vehicle-data-extractions-ben-lemere-ceo-at-berla-vehicle-forensics/)
27 [forensics/](https://www.cellebrite.com/en/series/vehicle-data-extractions-ben-lemere-ceo-at-berla-vehicle-forensics/) but no such podcast appears at that URL as of May 24, 2021.

³² See <https://theintercept.com/2021/05/03/car-surveillance-berla-msab-cbp/> (last accessed November
4, 2021). The article contains no internal link to this referenced podcast.

³³ *Id.*

1 87. No Plaintiff is able to acquire a Berla system in order to be able to access the call logs stored
2 on his own or any other Honda vehicle.

3 88. The onboard stored copy of call logs cannot be accessed by vehicle owners.

4 89. Berla specifically restricts access to its systems, making them available primarily to law
5 enforcement and private investigation service providers.

6 **B. Plaintiff Ritch's Honda infotainment system, phone, text messages, and call logs.**

7 90. Plaintiff Ritch owns a 2015 vehicle manufactured by Honda.

8 91. Plaintiff Ritch's Honda vehicle is equipped with an infotainment system that syncs to any
9 smartphone either plugged into the system through a USB cable or connected via
10 Bluetooth.

11 92. Plaintiff Ritch owns a smartphone.

12 93. Plaintiff Ritch protects the data on his smartphone with password and biometric security
13 measures.

14 94. The infotainment system on Plaintiff Ritch's Honda is a device designed to intercept,
15 record and/ or transmit text communications.

16 95. On at least ten occasions in the past three years, while in the State of Washington, Plaintiff
17 Ritch connected his smartphone into the infotainment system in his Honda vehicle at a
18 time that it had at least one text message stored on it.

19 96. On at least ten occasions in the past three years, while in the State of Washington, Plaintiff
20 Ritch sent and/ or received a text message while his smartphone was connected to his
21 Honda vehicle infotainment system.

22 97. On at least ten occasions in the past three years, while in the State of Washington, Plaintiff
23 Ritch connected his smartphone to his Honda vehicle infotainment system at a time that it
24 had at least one record of a call he had placed or received.

25 98. On at least ten occasions in the past three years, while in the State of Washington, Plaintiff
26 Ritch placed and/ or received a call while his smartphone was connected to his Honda
27 vehicle infotainment system.

1 99. Plaintiff Ritch never consented to Honda intercepting, recording, downloading and storing
2 his text messages or call logs, and similarly did not consent to third parties such as Berla or
3 law enforcement having access to copies of such text messages or call logs made by his
4 Honda infotainment system.

5 100. Each of Plaintiff Ritch's text messages and call logs was and is a private communication,
6 inasmuch as Plaintiff Ritch had not shared the messages or logs with anyone other than the
7 recipients.

8 101. Each text message stored on, sent by and received at Plaintiff Ritch's smartphone was
9 downloaded and recorded onto onboard vehicle memory by his Honda vehicle's
10 infotainment system.

11 102. Each call log stored on, or generated while a call was placed by or received at Plaintiff
12 Ritch's smartphone was intercepted, downloaded and recorded onto onboard vehicle
13 memory by his Honda vehicle's infotainment system.

14 103. Honda was not a party to any of the text messages or calls.

15 104. By the foregoing conduct, Honda intercepted and/ or recorded Plaintiff Ritch's text
16 messages and call logs through the infotainment system.

17 105. Plaintiff Ritch's Honda vehicle infotainment system wrongfully retains the recorded copy
18 of Plaintiff Ritch's text messages and call logs for more than ten days.

19 **C. Plaintiff Dornay's text messages.**

20 106. In the past three years, while in the State of Washington, Plaintiff Dornay sent at least one
21 text message to Plaintiff Ritch.

22 107. Plaintiff Ritch thereafter connected his smartphone to the infotainment system in his
23 Honda vehicle.

24 108. On information and belief, a reasonable opportunity for discovery will show that Plaintiff
25 Dornay's text message(s) to Plaintiff Ritch were downloaded and recorded onto onboard
26 vehicle memory by Plaintiff Ritch's Honda vehicle infotainment system.

27 109. Honda was not a party to the text message(s).

1 110. By the foregoing conduct, Honda intercepted and recorded the text messages through the
2 infotainment system.

3 111. On information and belief, a reasonable opportunity for discovery will show that Plaintiff
4 Ritch's Honda vehicle infotainment system wrongfully retains the recorded copy of
5 Plaintiff Dornay's text message for more than ten days.

6 **D. Privacy of text messages and call logs; Non-consent to Honda's interception and**
7 **recording.**

8 112. Each of Plaintiff Ritch's text messages and call logs is a private communication between
9 Plaintiff Ritch and his interlocutor.

10 113. Plaintiff Ritch has never consented to Honda intercepting his text messages or call logs.

11 114. Plaintiff Ritch has never consented to Honda recording his text messages or call logs.

12 115. Plaintiff Ritch has never inquired of an interlocutor to his text messages whether the
13 counterparty consents to Honda intercepting and recording the text messages.

14 116. As such, no interlocutor of Plaintiff Ritch has ever consented to Honda intercepting and/
15 or recording their text messages.

16 117. Honda's intercepting and recording of Plaintiff Ritch's text messages and call logs has
17 injured Plaintiff Ritch in his person. On information and belief, Plaintiff Ritch's private and
18 confidential text messages and call logs now reside on his Honda vehicle, can be accessed
19 without his authorization by Berla systems, and cannot be deleted by Plaintiff Ritch. Each
20 of Plaintiff Ritch's private and confidential text messages and call logs is accessible at any
21 time by law enforcement, by Berla, and by similar private actors without his authorization.

22 118. Honda has also injured Plaintiff Ritch in his person by depriving him of the right and ability
23 to engage in private phone calls and text communications without Honda intercepting and
24 recording a call log or text message copy for access by third parties such as Berla and law
25 enforcement, without his authorization.

26 119. Each of Plaintiff Dornay's text messages is a private communication between Plaintiff
27 Dornay and his interlocutor.

1 120. Plaintiff Dornay has never consented to Honda intercepting his text messages.

2 121. Plaintiff Dornay has never consented to Honda recording his text messages.

3 122. Honda's recording of Plaintiff Dornay's text messages has injured Plaintiff Dornay in his
4 person. On information and belief, Plaintiff Dornay's private and confidential text
5 messages now reside on Plaintiff Ritch's Honda vehicle, and can be accessed without his
6 authorization by Berla systems, and cannot be deleted by either Plaintiff Ritch or Dornay.
7 Each of Plaintiff Dornay's private and confidential text messages to Plaintiff Ritch is
8 accessible at any time by law enforcement, by Berla, and by similar private actors without
9 his authorization.

10 123. Honda has injured Plaintiff Dornay in his person by depriving him of the right and ability
11 to engage in private text communications without Honda intercepting and recording a copy
12 for access by third parties such as Berla and law enforcement without authorization.

13 **V. CLASS ALLEGATIONS**

14 124. Plaintiffs bring this action as a class action pursuant to Civil Rule 23 on behalf of the
15 following Classes of persons:

16 All persons, who within three years prior to the filing of this Complaint, had their text
17 messages and/or call logs intercepted and/or recorded by the infotainment system in a
Honda vehicle (Honda or Acura) while a resident of the State of Washington.

18 Excluded from the Class are Defendant Honda and any person, firm, trust, corporation,
19 or other entity related to or affiliated with any defendant.

20 125. On information and belief, Honda vehicles have intercepted and recorded text messages
21 from numerous Washington persons.

22 126. On information and belief, the Class is so numerous that joinder of all affected persons is
23 impracticable and the disposition of their claims in a class action, rather than in individual
24 actions, will benefit both the parties and the courts.

25 127. On information and belief, Class members may be identified from records maintained by
26 one or more of the Washington Department of Licensing, Honda, and/or Berla, and may
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1 be notified of the pendency of this action by mail or electronic mail using the form of notice
2 similar to that customarily used in class actions.

3 128. Plaintiffs' claims are typical of the claims of the other members of the Class.

4 129. All members of the Class have been and/or continue to be similarly affected by Honda's
5 wrongful conduct as complained of herein. Plaintiffs are unaware of any interests that
6 conflict with or are antagonistic to the interests of the Class.

7 130. Plaintiffs will fairly and adequately protect the Class members' interests and have retained
8 counsel competent and experienced in class actions and complex litigation. Plaintiffs and
9 Plaintiffs' counsel will adequately and vigorously litigate this class action, and Plaintiffs are
10 aware of their duties and responsibilities to the Class.

11 131. Honda has acted with respect to the Class in a manner generally applicable to each Class
12 member. Common questions of law and fact exist as to all Class members and predominate
13 over any questions affecting individual Class members. The questions of law and fact
14 common to the Class include, *inter alia*:

15 a. Whether Honda intercepted and/ or recorded private communications and
16 conversations without the consent of all participants in the communication and
17 conversations;

18 b. Whether Honda violated RCW 9.73.060; and

19 c. The remedies available to Plaintiffs and the Class.

20 132. A class action is superior to all other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication
21 of this controversy since joinder of all Class members is impracticable. Furthermore, as the
22 statutory damages suffered by individual Class members is relatively small, the expense and
23 burden of individual litigation makes it impossible as a practical matter for Class members
24 to individually redress the wrongs done to them. There will be no difficulty in managing
25 this action as a class action.

1 133. Honda has acted on grounds generally applicable to the entire Class with respect to the
2 matters complained of herein, thereby making appropriate the relief sought herein with
3 respect to the Class as a whole.

4 **VI. CAUSES OF ACTION**

5 **A. First Cause of Action: Washington Privacy Act**

6 134. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference the allegations contained in the preceding
7 paragraphs of this Complaint.

8 135. This First Cause of Action is brought pursuant to the Washington Privacy Act, Chapter
9 9.73 RCW, on behalf of the Class, against Honda.

10 136. As to each Plaintiff and member of the Class, Honda intercepted and recorded private
11 communications transmitted by telephone, telegraph, radio, or other device between two
12 or more individuals between points within or without the state of Washington by means of
13 a device designed to record or transmit said communication.

14 137. As to each Plaintiff and member of the Class, Honda did not first obtain the consent of all
15 the participants in such communications.

16 138. Honda recorded private conversations by means of a device designed to record or transmit
17 such conversation without first obtaining the consent of all the persons engaged in the
18 conversation.

19 139. Honda is therefore liable to each Plaintiff and member of the Class for liquidated damages
20 computed at the rate of one hundred dollars a day for each day of violation, not to exceed
21 one thousand dollars for each Plaintiff and member of the Class, and a reasonable attorneys'
22 fee and other costs of litigation, as provided by RCW 9.73.060.

23 140. Honda's acts and practices in violation of Chapter 9.73 RCW as complained of herein have
24 injured the persons of Plaintiffs and each member of the Class.

25 141. Because Honda's wrongful interception, recordation and retention of text messages and
26 call logs as alleged above has occurred on more than ten separate occasions and/ or
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1 continued for more than ten days, Plaintiffs are entitled to \$1,000 of statutory liquidated
2 damages.

3 142. Each member of the Class is therefore entitled to \$1,000 of statutory liquidated damages.

4 143. Plaintiff therefore seeks recovery of statutory damages, on his own behalf and on behalf of
5 each member of the Class, together with the costs of the suit, including reasonable
6 attorneys' fees and other costs of litigation.

7 **B. Second Cause of Action: Declaratory Relief**

8 144. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference the allegations contained in the preceding
9 paragraphs of this Complaint.

10 145. This Second Cause of Action is brought pursuant to the Uniform Declaratory Judgments
11 Act, Chapter 7.24 RCW, on behalf of the Class, against Honda.

12 146. Plaintiffs seek a declaration that Honda's conduct violates the Washington Privacy Act.

13 **C. Third Cause of Action: Injunctive Relief**

14 147. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the preceding
15 paragraphs of this Complaint.

16 148. Plaintiffs seek an injunction from this Court, enjoining Honda from further interception
17 and recordation of text messages and call logs by use of its infotainment systems, and
18 ordering Honda to cause its infotainment systems to delete all stored text messages and call
19 logs.

20 **VII. PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

21 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs and the Class prays for relief and judgment as follows:

22 A. Declaring that this action is properly maintainable as a class action under Civil Rule
23 23, and certifying Plaintiffs as the Class representative and their counsel as Counsel for the Class;

24 B. Declaring that Honda intercepted and recorded private communications and
25 conversations in violation of the Washington Privacy Act;

1 C. Awarding Plaintiffs and the members of the Class the remedy of liquidated damages
2 at the rate of one hundred dollars a day for each day of violation, not to exceed one thousand dollars
3 per Plaintiff and Class member, and a reasonable attorneys' fee and other costs of litigation;

4 D. Enjoining further violations of the WPA; and
5 Such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

6 **VIII. JURY DEMAND**

7 Plaintiffs and the Class hereby demand a trial by jury.

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November 4, 2021.

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