3	CHHABRA LAW FIRM, PC ROHIT CHHABRA (SBN 278798) Email: rohit@thelawfirm.io 257 Castro Street Suite 104 Mountain View, CA 94041 Telephone: (650) 564-7929	
4 5	Attorney for Plaintiff Open Source Security Inc.	
6		
7	LINITED STAT	FS DISTRICT COURT
8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION	
9 10		) Case No.:
11	OPEN SOURCE SECURITY INC. Plaintiff,	) Complaint For:
12	v.	) ) 1. DEFAMATION PER SE ) 2. DEFAMATION PER QUOD
13	BRUCE PERENS, and Does 1-50,	<ul> <li>3. FALSE LIGHT</li> <li>4. TORTIOUS INTERFERENCE WITH</li> </ul>
14	Defendants.	) PROSPECTIVE ADVANTAGE
15		) <b>DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL</b>
16 17		)
18		ý )
19		)
20	CO	<u>MPLAINT</u>
21		SS" or "Plaintiff") alleges against Defendant Bruce
22		ely, including Defendant Perens, "Defendants"), the
23	following:	ry, meruding Defendant Ferens, Defendants ), the
24	топо wing.	
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26	///	
27	///	
28	///	
28	///	

#### Case 3:17-cv-04002-LB Document 1 Filed 07/17/17 Page 2 of 11

1	<b>INTRODUCTION</b>
2	1. Defendant is a computer programmer, known for his creation of the Open Source
3	Definition and co-founder of the Open Source Initiative. This action arises from Defendants' abusive
4	and false claims made on a blog post <sup>1</sup> ("Posting"), on Defendant's website, http://www.perens.com
5	(the "Website"), regarding Plaintiff's business, which has resulted in substantial harm to Plaintiff's
6	reputation, goodwill, and future business prospects. A true and correct copy of the Posting is attached
7	hereto as <b>Exhibit A</b> .
8	PLAINTIFF
9	2. Plaintiff is a company based in Pennsylvania, and a resident of Pennsylvania.
10	<b>DEFENDANTS</b>
11	3. Defendant is an individual who wrote the defamatory Posting at issue, and based on
12	information and belief, owns and operates the Website, and further based on information and belief, is
13	a citizen and resident of Berkeley, California.
14	4. Defendant Doe 1 is a company or individual that provides the server(s) to host the
15	Website, doing business in California.
16	5. Defendant Doe 2 is a company or individual that helped write the defamatory Posting at
17	issue, doing business in California.
18	6. Plaintiff is not aware of the true names, identities, and/or capacities of defendants sued
19	herein under the fictitious names of "Does." Based on information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that
20	each Doe defendant is responsible in some manner forming the basis of this complaint. It is further
21	alleged that Plaintiff's injuries were directly or proximately caused by such defendants. Plaintiff will
22	amend this complaint to allege their true names when ascertained.
23	7. It is alleged each defendant aided and abetted the actions of the defendants set forth
24	below, in that each defendant had knowledge of those actions, provided assistance and benefited from
25	those actions, in whole or in part. Each of the defendants was the agent of each of the remaining
26	
27	

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Bruce Perens, *Warning: Grsecurity: Potential contributory infringement and breach of contract risk for customers,* <sup>8</sup> BRUCE PERENS (Jun 28, 2017, updated Jul 10, 2017), http://perens.com/blog/2017/06/28/warning-grsecurity-potential-contributory-infringement-risk-for-customers/ (last visited Jul 14, 2017).

## Case 3:17-cv-04002-LB Document 1 Filed 07/17/17 Page 3 of 11

1	defendants, and in doing the actions hereinafter alleged, was acting within the course and scope of such
2	agency and with the permission and consent of other defendants.
3	JURISDICTION
4	8. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action under 28 U.S.C. § 1332.
5	Diversity of citizenship exists since the parties are citizens of different states. Further, the amount in
6	controversy exceeds \$75,000 with respect to Plaintiff's claims against each Defendant.
7	<u>VENUE</u>
8	9. Venue is proper in the Northern District of California under 28 U.S.C. §1391(b)(2), as a
9	substantial part of the events giving rise to the claims at issue in this lawsuit occurred in this District.
10	<b>INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT</b>
11	10. Assignment to the San Francisco Division of this Court is appropriate under Civil L.R.
12	3-2(d), in that, based on information and belief, Defendant resides in the County of Alameda. In
13	addition, this action involves dissemination of the defamatory Posting using the Google search engine
14	and Google, Inc. has a substantial presence in San Francisco. Further, Cloudflare, Inc., through its
15	services, shields the true location of the server hosting the Website, including the identity of defendant
16	Doe 1, provides managed Domain Name Service (DNS) to the Website, and is headquartered in San
17	Francisco.
18	FACTS COMMON TO ALL COUNTS
19	11. Plaintiff provides kernel hardening security software code ("Patches") under the trade
20	name of Grsecurity® for the Linux® Operating System to clients throughout the United States and all
21	over the world via their website <sup>2</sup> .
22	12. The Patches are released under the GNU General Public License, version 2 ("GPLv2"). <sup>3</sup>
23	///
24	///
25	///
26	
27	<sup>2</sup> Open Source Security, Inc., <i>Grsecurity</i> , http://www.grsecurity.net (last visited Jul 16, 2016).
28	<sup>3</sup> See Open Source Security, Inc., <i>Download</i> , GRSECURITY, https://grsecurity.net/download.php (last visited Jul 16, 2016).

# Case 3:17-cv-04002-LB Document 1 Filed 07/17/17 Page 4 of 11

1	13.	Section 6 of the GPLv2 <sup>4</sup> provides, in part:	
2		Each time you redistribute the Program (or any work based on the Program), the recipient automatically receives a license from the original licensor to copy, distribute	
3		or modify the Program subject to these terms and conditions. You may not impose any further restrictions on the recipients' exercise of the rights granted herein.	
4	14.	As defined by the GPLv2 the Patches that have already been distributed, or provided to	
5	a client, by P	laintiff are the Program over which the license applies. <sup>5</sup>	
6	15.	Patches are distributed contingent upon a subscription agreement <sup>6</sup> ("Subscription	
7	Agreement")	. A true and correct copy of the Subscription Agreement is attached hereto as Exhibit B.	
8	16.	Under the Subscription Agreement, clients are informed that they have all rights and	
9	obligations g	ranted by the GPLv2 for the Patches in their possession. <sup>7</sup>	
10	17.	The Subscription Agreement provides OSS the right to terminate a client's subscription,	
11	thereby only	limiting a client's access to <i>future</i> updates or versions (that is, Patches that have not yet	
12	been developed, created, or released by Plaintiff), if the Patches are redistributed outside of the explicit		
13	obligations u	nder the GPLv2 to the client's customers. <sup>8</sup>	
14	18.	There is no explicit or implicit term, section, or clause in the GPLv2 that is applicable	
15	over <i>future</i> v	ersions or updates of the Patches that have not yet been developed, created, or released by	
16	Plaintiff.		
17	19.	The Subscription Agreement does not apply further restrictions on a client's <i>ability</i> to	
18	redistribute tl	ne Patches in their possession, or restrict their <i>ability</i> to exercise their rights for Patches in	
19	their possessi	on, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the GPLv2.	
20			
21	///		
22	///		
23	<sup>4</sup> Free Software Foundation, <i>The GNU General Public License, version</i> 2, THE GNU OPERATING SYSTEM AND THE		
24	16, 2017)		
25	<sup>5</sup> See <i>Id.</i> , Sectio	n 0.	
26	<sup>6</sup> Open Source S	Security, Inc., Stable Patch Access Agreement, GRSECURITY (Oct. 2, 2016).	
27	<sup>7</sup> <i>Id</i> . at section "	Redistribution"	
28	<sup>8</sup> Id.		

#### Case 3:17-cv-04002-LB Document 1 Filed 07/17/17 Page 5 of 11

20. Plaintiff has been targeted by outside businesses and individuals, including Defendants,
 who have wrongfully and maliciously accused Plaintiff, by virtue of the Subscription Agreement, of
 violating the terms of the GPLv2.

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21. Defendants published statements in the Posting on June 28, 2017.

5 22. Defendants, in the Posting, stated that customers "should avoid the Grsecurity product
6 sold at grsecurity.net because it presents a contributory infringement and breach of contract risk."<sup>9</sup>

7 23. Defendants further stated that Plaintiff was in violation of the GPLv2, and thus "[a]s a
8 customer, ... [Plaintiff's clients] would be subject to both contributory infringement and breach of
9 contract by employing this product in conjunction with the Linux kernel under the no-redistribution
10 policy currently employed by Grsecurity."<sup>10</sup>

11 24. The statements in the Posting are false because Plaintiff has not violated the GPLv2.

12 25. The statements in the Posting are false because the Grsecurity product does not present13 a contributory infringement or breach of contract risk to Plaintiff's clients.

14 26. Defendants are not aware of any legal authority holding that Plaintiff has violated the15 terms of the GPLv2.

16 27. Defendants are not aware of the existence of any legal authority that can even remotely
17 suggest that the Subscription Agreement may have violated the terms of the GPLv2.

18 28. Defendants are not aware of any legal authority holding that the Grsecurity product
19 presented a contributory infringement and breach of contract risk to Plaintiff's customers.

20 29. Defendants are not aware of the existence of any legal authority that can even remotely
21 suggest that the Grsecurity product presents a contributory infringement and breach of contract risk to
22 Plaintiff's customers.

The Posting is available on the front (home) page of the Website.

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- 25 26

<sup>9</sup> Ex. A: Warning: Grsecurity: Potential contributory infringement and breach of contract risk for customers, Supra, at ¶ 1.
<sup>10</sup> Ex. A: Id. at ¶¶ 4–5.

#### Case 3:17-cv-04002-LB Document 1 Filed 07/17/17 Page 6 of 11

31. With an estimated Internet traffic of 16,560 unique visitors each month<sup>11</sup> to the
 Website, the Posting is widely disseminated and read by thousands of people.

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32. Defendant is recognized and well known in the Open Source community.<sup>12</sup>

4 33. Defendant is aware that "publicity [is] a tool" available to him.<sup>13</sup> A true and correct
5 copy of the cited webpage is attached hereto as Exhibit C.

6 34. The Posting was also partly reproduced, linked, and discussed on www.slashdot.org
7 ("Slashdot").<sup>14</sup>

8 35. Slashdot is a website well known by programmers and software developers in the Open
9 Source community and has an Internet traffic of approximately 3.2 million unique visitors each
10 month.<sup>15</sup>

11 36. The Posting was seen and read by hundreds, if not thousands, of consumers and
12 prospective clients of Plaintiff, as well as by professional colleagues and business partners.

37. "If a speaker says, 'In my opinion John Jones is a liar,' he implies a knowledge of facts
which lead to the conclusion that Jones told an untruth. Even if the speaker states the facts upon which
he bases his opinion, if those facts are *either incorrect or incomplete*, or if his assessment of them is *erroneous*, the statement may still imply a false assertion of fact." *Milkovich v. Lorain Journal Co.* 497
U.S. 1, 18 (1990) [emphasis added]).

1838. The Posting is not constitutionally protected speech because it includes a false assertion

**19** of fact. See *Gertz v. Robert Welch, Inc.*, 418 U.S. 323 (1974).

- <sup>13</sup> Bruce Perens, Commenting to *Re: Why does no one care that Brad Spengler of GRSecurity is blatantly violating the intention of the rights holders to the Linux Kernel?* DEBIAN.ORG, (Jun 14, 2017), https://lists.debian.org/debian-user/2017/07/msg00814.html (last visited Jul 16, 2017)
- <sup>14</sup> Bruce Perens Warns Grsecurity Breaches the Linux Kernel's GPL License, SLASHDOT (Jul 9, 2017, 2:10 pm), https://linux.slashdot.org/story/17/07/09/188246/bruce-perens-warns-grsecurity-breaches-the-linux-kernels-gpl-license (last visited Jul 16, 2017).

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 <sup>15</sup> Slashdot.org Traffic Worth, SITEWORTHTRAFFIC.COM, http://www.siteworthtraffic.com/report/slashdot.org (Jul 16, 2017) (last visited Jul 16, 2017). Also see, *Slashdot*, WIKIPEDIA, https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Slashdot (last visited Jul 16, 2017).
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 <sup>20 &</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> perens.com Traffic Worth, SITEWORTHTRAFFIC.COM, http://www.siteworthtraffic.com/report/perens.com (Jul 16, 2017) (last visited Jul 16, 2017).

<sup>22 &</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Bruce Perens, WIKIPEDIA, https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bruce\_Perens (last visited Jul 16, 2017)

### Case 3:17-cv-04002-LB Document 1 Filed 07/17/17 Page 7 of 11

1	39. Defendants performed the alleged acts intentionally, and acted with malice, oppression,
2	and fraud with the sole purpose to generate negative publicity against Plaintiff's business as it was
3	"more effective than writing to" Plaintiff about their disagreement with the Subscription Agreement. <sup>16</sup>
4	A true and correct copy of the cited webpage is attached hereto as <b>Exhibit D</b> .
5	40. Defendants acted with malice, oppression, and fraud, despite being informed by Dr.
6	Richard Stallman, the President of the Free Software Foundation, that forming an opinion on the
7	Subscription Agreement was a complicated task that required "a lot of time to think about []" <sup>17</sup>
8	41. The statements in the Posting have caused Plaintiff extraordinary damages, including
9	loss of potential customers and loss of good will.
10	CLAIMS FOR RELIEF
11	<u>FIRST CLAIM</u> Defamation <i>Per Se</i> – Libel
12	(Against all Defendants)
13	42. Plaintiff repeats and re-allege each and every allegation of the foregoing paragraphs as
14	if fully set forth herein.
15	43. Readers of the Posting reasonably understood that the statement(s) in the Posting were
16	about Plaintiff.
17	44. Readers reasonably understood the statement(s) in the Posting to mean that Plaintiff's
18	conduct, characteristics, or a condition were incompatible with the proper exercise of their lawful
19	business, trade, profession or office.
20	45. The statements in the Posting are false.
21	46. The Defendants together and each of them acting in concert, jointly and severally, and
22	individually, have defamed Plaintiff by knowingly, intentionally, willfully, or negligently publishing
23	statements about OSS which they knew or should have known to be false.
24	
25	<sup>16</sup> Bruce Perens, Commenting to <i>Re: Why does no one care that Brad Spengler of GRSecurity is blatantly violating the</i>
26	intention of the rights holders to the Linux Kernel? DEBIAN.ORG, (Jun 19, 2017), https://lists.debian.org/debian- user/2017/06/msg00759.html (last visited Jul 16, 2017)
	17 Id Also see Pichard Stallman Commenting to Pa: Why does no one care that Brad Spenaler of CPS equity is blatantly

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Id. Also see Richard Stallman Commenting to Re: Why does no one care that Brad Spengler of GRSecurity is blatantly 27 violating the intention of the rights holders to the Linux Kernel? DEBIAN.ORG, (Jun 19, 2017) https://lists.debian.org/debian-user/2017/06/msg00758.html (last visited Jul 16, 2017)

<sup>28</sup> 

#### Case 3:17-cv-04002-LB Document 1 Filed 07/17/17 Page 8 of 11

47. Defendants failed to use reasonable care to determine the truth or falsity of the 1 2 statements in the Posting.

48. Defendant further stated:

I am bothered by the sort of action that Open Source Security Inc. is doing, and felt that informing the customers (albeit indirectly, in places like Slashdot) was the best way to effect a change. This was a case where publicity was the most effective means of effecting change ... 18

6 49. Defendants intended to injure Plaintiff in its trade or profession by developing a 7 wrongful fear that Plaintiff's clients may be subject to legal liability if they continued to use the 8 Grsecurity® product.

- 9 50. As a proximate result of the Posting, Plaintiff has suffered loss of business and 10 professional reputation.
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51. Plaintiff has suffered general and special damages, including, without limitation, 12 lost revenue and profits as a function of damage to Plaintiff's business reputation; diminution in 13 the pecuniary value of Plaintiff's goodwill, administrative costs in connection with Plaintiff's efforts to 14 monitor and counteract the negative publicity, and other pecuniary harm.

15 52. Defendants' false statements in the Posting, or relating to the Posting, have caused 16 Plaintiff damages in an amount to be determined at trial, but in excess of \$75,000 as to each defendant.

17 53. The negative and false posts were created and published by Defendants with 18 malice and/or oppression as the content of the Posting contains false, defamatory statements that were 19 known by Defendants to be false and the Posting was deliberately published with the intention of 20 destroying Plaintiff's reputation and the reputation of Plaintiff's services, and to cause Plaintiff to lose 21 its ability to continue its business. Plaintiff is entitled to punitive damages.

#### SECOND CLAIM

Defamation Per Ouod-Libel (Against all Defendants)

24 54. Plaintiff repeats and re-allege each and every allegation of the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Bruce Perens, commenting on Bruce Perens Warns Grsecurity Breaches the Linux Kernel's GPL License, SLASHDOT, 28 (Jul 9, 2017, 4:27 pm), https://slashdot.org/comments.pl?sid=10840323&cid=54774713 (last visited Jul 16, 2017).

## Case 3:17-cv-04002-LB Document 1 Filed 07/17/17 Page 9 of 11

1	55.	The Posting tended to discourage others from associating or dealing with Plaintiff, since
2	doing so prese	ented "a contributory infringement and breach of contract risk."
3	56.	The statements in the Posting were a substantial factor in causing Plaintiff harm
4	and damages	as alleged in paragraphs 50–53.
5		THIRD CLAIM
6		False Light (Against all Defendants)
7	57.	Plaintiff repeats and re-allege each and every allegation of the foregoing paragraphs as
8	if fully set for	th herein.
9	58.	Defendants published the Posting on the Website.
10	59.	Defendants further discussed the contents of the Posting with readers of Slashdot,
11	attempting to	convince them that the statements in the Posting were an accurate analysis of the law. A
12	true and corre	ct copy of various comments by Defendant on Slashdot are attached hereto as Exhibit E.
13	60.	Defendant publicized the Posting and continued to show Plaintiff in a false light by
14	h making the Posting available on the Website, abusing a position of power based on his recognition in	
15	the Open Sou	rce community, and further by engaging in a discussion about the content of the Posting
16	with readers o	of Slashdot.
17	61.	The false light created by the Posting is highly offensive to a reasonable person in
18	Plaintiff's pos	sition since the Posting attempts to destroy Plaintiff's reputation and the reputation of
19	Plaintiff's ser	vices, and attempts to cause Plaintiff to lose its ability to continue its business.
20	62.	Defendants knew the Posting would create a false impression about Plaintiff and/or
21	acted with rec	kless disregard for the truth.
22	63.	Defendants were negligent in determining the truth of the information in the Posting or
23	whether a fals	e impression would be created by its publication.
24	64.	Plaintiff was harmed and damages occurred, as alleged in paragraphs 50-53.
25	65.	Defendants' conduct was a substantial factor in causing the harm to Plaintiff.
26	66.	In publicizing the Posting on the Website and further discussing the matter on Slashdot,
27	Defendant pu	blicized the Posting to the public at large or to so many people that the Posting was
28	substantially o	certain to become public knowledge.

-9-

### Case 3:17-cv-04002-LB Document 1 Filed 07/17/17 Page 10 of 11

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1	FOURTH CLAIM	
2		Intentional Interference with Prospective Relations (Against all Defendants)
3	67.	Plaintiff repeats and re-allege each and every allegation of the foregoing paragraphs as
4	if fully set for	th herein.
5	68.	Plaintiff and many other potential clients were in an economic relationship that
6	probably wou	ld have resulted in an economic benefit to Plaintiff.
7	69.	Defendant knew of the economic relationship.
8	70.	By publishing the Posting, and urging that Plaintiff's current and potential clients
9	"should avoid	I the Grsecurity product sold at grsecurity.net because it presents a contributory
10	infringement	risk," Defendants intended to disrupt the economic relationship.
11	71.	Defendants engaged in wrongful conduct through misrepresentation, fraud, deceit,
12	malice, or op	pression.
13	72.	The relationship has been disrupted.
14	73.	Plaintiff has been harmed as alleged in paragraphs 50–53.
15	74.	Defendants' wrongful conduct was a substantial factor in causing Plaintiff the harm.
16	75.	Defendants intentionally interfered with an economic relationship between Plaintiff and
17	numerous pot	ential clients that probably would have resulted in an economic benefit to Plaintiff.
18		PRAYER FOR RELIEF
19	With	regard to all counts, Plaintiff prays that judgment be entered against Defendant Bruce
20	Perens and D	oes 1-50, each and every one of them, acting in concert, jointly and severally, for
21	compensatory	actual damages in excess of \$2 million resulting from their financial, reputational and
22	professional i	njury to Plaintiff, as well as equitable relief as may be appropriate, and such other relief
23	the Court may	y deem just and proper. Plaintiff further prays for an award of punitive damages in an
24	amount in exc	cess of \$1 million, to punish Defendants for their outrageous, deceitful, unprecedented,
25	vicious and m	nalicious conduct toward Plaintiff designed so to discourage the public from conducting
26	business with Plaintiff.	
27	Plaint	iff further seeks an Injunctive relief, including a preliminary and permanent injunction
28	enjoining rest	raining Defendants from engaging in the conduct described above.

-10-

# Case 3:17-cv-04002-LB Document 1 Filed 07/17/17 Page 11 of 11

1	JURY DEMAND
2	Plaintiff requests this case be tried to a jury on all issues triable by a jury.
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4	Dated this 17 <sup>th</sup> July 2017.
5	Respectfully Submitted,
6	CHHABRA LAW FIRM, PC
7	<u>/s/Rohit Chhabra</u>
8	Rohit Chhabra Attorney for Plaintiff
9	Open Source Security Inc.
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